

## 6-4: Compound Interest

I can identify the different parts of the compound interest formula.

I can use the compound interest formula in a contextual problem

## Equation for Compound Interest

$$A = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

**A** = final amount

**P** = principal amount

**r** = rate as a decimal

**t** = time

**n** = compounding amount

Example 1: Identify the principal amount, annual interest rate, and the number of times the interest is compounded each year.

$$A = 2000 \left( 1 + \frac{.032}{12} \right)^{12t}$$

$$P = \$2000$$

$$r = .032 \rightarrow 3.2\%$$

$$n = 12$$

$$A = 1500 \left( 1 + \frac{.001}{6} \right)^{6t}$$

$$P = \$1500$$

$$r = .001 \rightarrow .1\%$$

$$n = 6$$

Compounding:

\_\_\_\_\_ times per **YEAR**

Annually = 1 times per year    Semi-annually = 2 times per year

Monthly = 12 times per year    Quarterly = 4 times per year

Weekly = 52 times per year    Daily = 365 times per year

Example 1: Maria's parents invested \$14,000 at 6% per year compounded monthly. How much money will there be in the account after 10 years?

Principal amount invested = \$14,000

how often interest is compounded = 12

interest rate = 6% interest rate as a decimal = .06

$$A = 14000 \left( 1 + \frac{.06}{12} \right)^{12 \cdot 10}$$

After 10 years:

$$= 14000 (1.005)^{12 \cdot 10}$$

$$\$25,471.55$$

Example 2: Determine the amount of an investment if \$300 is invested at an interest rate of 3.5% compounded monthly for 22 years.

$$A = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$
$$A = 300 \left( 1 + \frac{.035}{12} \right)^{12 \cdot 22}$$
$$A^{\$} = 647.20$$

Example 3: When Jing May was born, her grandparents invested \$1000 in a fixed rate savings account at a rate of 7% compounded annually. Jing May will receive the money when she turns 18 to help with her college expenses. What amount of money will Jing May receive from the investment?

$$A = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}$$

$$A = 1000 \left( 1 + \frac{.07}{1} \right)^{1 \cdot 18}$$

$$A = \$3,379.93$$