4-4 Slope and Writing Equations of Lines

Objectives

I can write an equation for a line given two points on the line.

I can identify and write the slope of a line parallel or perpendicular to a given line
point slope : $y=m\left(x-x_{1}\right)+y_{1}$
slope intercept: $y=m x+b$

## Vocabulary

Parallel Slope: Same


Perpendicular Slope:

- opposite sigh
- Reciprocal (flip)


Write an equation of the line that passes through the given points.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 1. } \frac{2(2,3),(5,4)}{x} \\
& \text { 2. }(3,-2),(-1,4) \\
& { }^{+3}<\begin{array}{cc}
2, & 3 \\
5, & 4
\end{array} m^{+1} m=\frac{1}{3} \\
& y=\frac{1}{3}(x-2)+3 \rightarrow \text { P.5. } \\
& y=1 / 3 x-\frac{2}{3}+3 \\
& y=1 / 3 x+2 \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow \text { Slopen-1 } \\
& 4=m x+b \\
& (3,-2)(-1,4) \\
& -4\left(\frac{(3,-2)}{(-1,4)}+6 m=\frac{6}{4}=-\frac{3}{2}\right. \\
& y=m\left(x-x_{1}\right)+y \text {. } \\
& y=-3 / 2(x-3)-2 \text { point slope } \\
& y=-3 / 2 x+4.5-2 \\
& y=-3 / 2 x+2.5 \text { slope intercept }
\end{aligned}
$$

Write the equation of the line

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 3 .(2,5)(4,7) \\
& \text { 4. }(2,-4),(2,6) \\
& \begin{array}{l}
+\begin{array}{l}
(2,5) \\
(4,7)
\end{array}+2 m=\frac{2}{2}=10\langle(2,-4)\rangle+10 \\
(2,6)_{m=\frac{10}{0}}^{(x-4)+7}
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
y=(x-4)+7 \\
y=x-4+7
\end{array} \\
& y=x-4+7 \\
& y=x+3 \text { slore inr } f=x=2
\end{aligned}
$$

## Parallel Lines



What do you notice about the slope of parallel lines?


## Perpendicular Lines



Find the slope of both lines.

What do you notice about the slope of perpendicular lines?

## Practice finding a perpendicular slope of the given slope

```
m=1/2
m=4/3
m=3
m=-2/3
    m}=-
    m=-5/2
```

Write the slope of a line that is parallel to the given line

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { 1. } y=\left(\begin{array}{l}
m x+b \\
2 x+3
\end{array}\right. & \text { 2. } y=1 / 2 x-5 \\
m=2 & m=\frac{1}{2} \\
\text { 3. } y=3 x-3 & \text { 4. } y=-x-5 \\
m=3 & m=-1
\end{array}
$$

Write the slope of a line that is perpendicular to the given line

1. $y=1 / 2 x-2$
2. $y=-8 / 5 x-4$

$$
m=-\frac{2}{1}=-2
$$

$m=\frac{5}{8}$
3. $y=1 / 3 x-2$
4. $y=-1 / 4 x+1$

$$
m=-\frac{3}{1}=-3
$$

$$
m=\frac{4}{1}=4
$$

Decide whether the lines with the given equations are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

$$
y=\frac{1}{3} x-1
$$

$$
\frac{1}{3}
$$

$$
y=-3 x+2 \quad-\frac{3}{1}
$$

pert

$$
y=\frac{5}{6} x+8
$$

c. $y=-\frac{6}{5} x-4$
pere
b.

$$
-5
$$

$y=-5 x-2$
$y=5 x+2 \quad 5$
neither
d. $\begin{aligned} & y(x)=2 x-7 \\ & z(x)=2 x+5 \\ & y\end{aligned}$

Decide whether the lines with the given equations are parallel, perpendicular, or neither.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
6 x-2 y=-2 \\
f_{6 x}=3 x-4 \\
y=3 x
\end{array} \\
& \begin{array}{l}
-2 y=-6 x-2 \\
-2
\end{array} \\
& y=3 x+1 \\
& \text { parallel }
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{l}
2 x+3 y=12-2 x \\
-2 x \\
* 3 x-2 y=-24 \\
-3 x \\
3 y=-2 x+12 \\
3 \\
y=-\frac{2}{3} x+4 \\
3 \\
2 y=-3 x-24 \\
y=\frac{3}{2} x+12
\end{array} \\
& P \in R P
\end{aligned}
$$

