## 11-2 Vertical and Adjacent Angles

Objectives:

- Students will be able to define angle properties and use them to solve for missing information.


## Vocabulary

Vertical Angles: opposite and have same amount of degrees Adjacent Angles: next to each ot he R

Vertical Angles
"Vertical Angles are congruent."


$$
\angle 1 \cong \angle 3 \quad \angle 2 \cong \angle 4
$$

Which of these angles are adjacent?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& <\operatorname{lan} a<2<1 \text { and }<4 \\
& \angle 3 \text { and }<4<3 \text { and } \angle 2
\end{aligned}
$$





$$
\begin{aligned}
x & =48 \\
\angle x O W & =\frac{87^{\circ}}{} \\
\angle W O z & =93^{\circ} \\
x+39 & =2 x-9 \\
-4 x & =x-9 \\
39 & =x \\
48 & =x
\end{aligned}
$$

Use the vertical angle to solve for x . Then find the measure of each angle

3(s).20


$$
\begin{gathered}
3 x+20=10 x-15 \\
+15 \quad+19 \\
3 x+35=10 x \\
-3 x \quad-3 x \\
35=7 x \\
x=5
\end{gathered}
$$

## Use the vertical angle to solve for $x$. Then find the measure of each angle.



$$
x+x-28=140
$$

